# COMMON SENSE;

ADDRISSID TO THE

# INHABITANTS

AMERIC'A.

On the following interefling

SUBJECTS,

with concile Remarks on the English Conditudion II. Of Monarchy and Hereditary Succession.

III. Thoughts on the profest State of American Affairs, IV. Of the prefest Ability of America, with force mifcellaneous Reflections.

> fan knows no Maker fave creating HERVEN, It these whom choice and common good cedals.

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# INTRODUCTION.

PERHAPS the Sentiments contained in the following Pages, are not yet forficiently fallionable to procure them general Pavour; a long Habit of not thinking a Thing away, gives it a fuperficial appearance of being right, and raifes at first a formidable Outery in defence of Cuttom. But the Tumult foon fubides, Time makes more Congests than Reaffol.

As a long and wickent shafe of Power, is generally the Mean of calling the right of it in question (and in Matters too which might never have been thought of, had not the Sufferen been aggravated into the enquiry) and as the King of England hath undertaken in his sown Right, to Support and as the King of England hath undertaken in his sown Right, to Support hat the good People of this Country are green to be a support of the country are green with the control of the results of the country are green with the country and the proposed of the country are predicted by the country of the results of the country are predicted by the country of the results of the country of the results of the country of the results of the country of the cou

## INTRODUCTION.

In the following Sheets, the Author hath fuludoully avoided every Thing which is personal among ourselves. Compliments as well as centage to Individuals make no Part thereof. The wife, and the worthy, need not the Triumph of a Pamphlet; and those whose Sentiments are injudicious, or unifiently, will cease of themselves unless too much Pains are bestowed upon their Conversion.

The Cunio of America is in a great Mear fore the Cusio of all Mankind. Many Greamthanes hith, and will ark, which are not local, but universil, and through a season of the control of the control kind are affected, and in the Reent of high are affected, and in the Reent of high are affected, and in the Reent of high a Gonarry defoliate with Fire and Kingley and Mankind, and extraprising the Defenders thereof from the Face of the Right of all Mankind; and extraprising the Defenders thereof from the Face or the tearth, in the Concern of every Man to whom Nature hash given the Fower of feeling, of which Clafs, equal that of Face;

AUTHOR

## COMMON SENSE.

Of the Origin and Defign of GOVERNMENT in general, with concile Remarks on the ENGLISH CONSTITUTION.

SOME writers have fo confounded facility with government, as to leave little or no utilisation between them, whereas, they are not only different, but have different configured. Society is produced by our wants, and government by our wheelenfur; the former premotes our happiness positively by realtraining our vices. The one encourage intercount, the other courses intercount, the other courses intercount, the other creater distinctions. The first is a patton, the last a punisher.

Society in every flate is a bleffing, but Government even in its belf flate is but a necesflary evil; in its worff flate an intolerable one: for when we suffer, or are exposed to the fame mileries by a Government, which we might expect in a country without Government, our calamity is heightened by B expected.

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erdeding dat we farmith the means by which we fulfer. Government, like dreft is the badge of lott innocence; the places of Kings badge of lott innocence; the places of Kings die. For were the impulse of confeience clear, uniform, and irrefulably obeyed. Man would need no order lawyeer, but to furender up a part of his property to farmith means for the protection of the refl, and this he is induced to do, by the faine min means for weight of the confeience of the refl, and this he is induced to do, by the faine and this he is induced to do, by the faine and this he is induced to do, by the faine and this he is induced to do the reflect of the reflection of the reflection

In order to gain a clear and jult ides of the defign and end of government, let us fuppole a finall number of persons fettled in some federated part of the earth, unconnected with the reft; they will then represented with the reft; they will then represented the first peopling of any country, or of the world. In this that of natural liberty, faceity will be their first thought. A thousand motion will excite them thereto, the through of one will excite them thereto, the through of one

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man is fo unequal to his wants, and his mind the fame. Four or five united would be of a wilderness, but one man might labour complithing any thing; when he had felled his timber he could not remove it, nor way. Difeate, nay even misfortune would

Thus necessity like a gravitating power would foon form our newly arrived emiobligations of law and government unneceffary while they remained perfectly just to each other: but as nothing but Heaven is impregnable to vice, it will unavoidably hap-

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them together in a common cause, they will begin to relax in their duty and attachment to each other: and this remissings will point out the necessity of establishing some form of government to supply the defect of moral virtue.

Some convenient Tree will afford them a State-Houfe, under the branches of which the whole Colony may affemble to deliberate on public matters. It is more than probable that their first laws will have the title only of REGULATIONS and be enforced by no other pensity than public dif-effects. In this first parliament every man by natural right will have a feat.

But as the Colony encrease, the public concerns will encrease likewise, and the distance at which the members may be feaparated, will render it too inconvenient for all of them to meet on every occasion as at firth, when their number was firth, their bairstons near, and the public concerns few and triffing. This will point out the convenience of their confending to leave the griffither part to be managed by a felect number choice from the whole body, who are impossed to have the fame concerns at

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flake which these have who appointed them, and who will act in the fame manner as the whole body would act were they prefent. If the colony continue encreasing, it will become necessary to augment the number of the reprefentatives, and that the inattended to, it will be found best to divide the whole into convenient parts, each part fending its proper number; and that the elected might never form to themselves an interest separate from the electors, prudence will point out the propriety of having electhat means return and mix again with the general body of the electors in a few months. their fidelity to the Public will be fecured for themselves. And as this frequent interchange will establish a common interest with every part of the community, they will mutually and naturally support each other, and on this (not on the unmeaning name of king) depends the firength of government; and the happiness of the governed,

Here then is the origin and rife of government; namely, a mode rendered necessary by the inability of moral virtue to govern the world; here too is the defign and end of government, viz. Freedom and Security. And however our eyes may be dazzled with show, or our ears deceived by found; however prejudice may warp our wills, or interest darken our understanding, the simple voice of nature and of reason will say, 'distribut.'

I daw my idea of the form of government from a principle in nature which no art can overturn, viz. That the more fingle any hing it, the left liable if it is be disodered; and with this maxim in evel offer a few remarks on the former handled conflictation of England. That it was noble for the dark and flawly then it was not worked to the conflictation of England. That it was noble for the dark and flawly then it was not been dear the conflictation of England. That it was not been the conflictation of England. That it was not been the conflictation of England and the conflictation of the con

Abfolute governments, (tho the diffrace of human nature) hath this advantage with them, that they are fimple; if the people fuffer, they know the head from which their fuffering fprings; know likewife the remedy; and are not bewildered by a variety of causes and cures. But the confliction of England is fo exceedingly complex, that the nation may fuffer for years together without being able to difcover in which part the fault lies, fome will fay in one and fome in another, and every political obvincian will add after a fuffer the different medicine.

I know it is difficult to get over local or long flanding prejudices, yet if we will fuffer ourfelves to examine the component parts of the English confliction, we flash find them to be the base remains of two ancient tyrannies, compounded with some new Republican materials.

First.—The remains of Monarchical tyranny in the perion of the King.

Secondly.—The remains of Ariflocratical tyranny in the persons of the Peers.

Thirdiy.—The new Republican materials, in the persons of the Commons, on whose wirtue depends the freedom of England.

The two first by being hereditary are in-

dependent of the People; wherefore in a conflictational finst they contribute nothing towards the freedom of the State.

To fay that the conflitution of England is a union of three powers reciprocally checking each other, is farcical, either the words have no meaning or they are flat contradictions.

To fay that the Commons is a check upon the King, prefuppofes two things.

First.—That the King is not to be trusted without being looked after, or in other words, that a thirst for absolute power is the natural disease of Monarchy.

Secondly. — That the Commons by being appointed for that purpole, are either wifer or more worthy of confidence than the Crown.

But as the fame conflictation which gives the Commons a power to check the King by with-holding the fupplies, gives afterwards the King a power to check the Commons by empowering him to reject, their other bills; it again supposes that the King is

#### COMMON ORMAN

wifer than those, whom it has already supposed to be wifer than him. A meer absurdity!

There is fomething exceedingly riliculum in the composition of Monnethy is first excludes a min from the means of information, yet empowers hin to ack in exceeding the case where the highest judgment is required.— The late of a king funts him from the World, yet the bullness of a King requires him to the faces of the property of the case of the case of the feet parts by unnaturally you desired the case of the destroying each other, prove the whole character to be abstrail and under the case of the case of the character to be abstrail and under the case of the case of the character to be abstrail and under the case of the case of the character to be abstrail and under the case of the case of the character to be abstrail and under the case of the cas

Some writers have explained the English conflitution that yet ke King fay they is one, the People another; the Peers are a house of the People another; the Peers are an house of the People another; the Peers are an house of the People another in the People and the the experients the plantatal yaranged, yet when examined they appear sile and the deep representation of the people and the people

only, and the they may smalle the ear, they cannot fallow the minds: for this explanation includes a previous question visc. however, the King by a power which the Prophic are afraid to rough and always obliged to, these Sach a power could not be the gift of a wife People, neither can any power whole media decking be from God 2 yet the provision which the configuration makes, figure that the configuration makes, flopped fuch a nower to exist.

But the provision is unequal to the talk, the means either cannot, or will not accomplish the ead, and the whole effer it is accomplish the ead, and the whole effer it is a way curry up the effect, and as all the way curry up the effic, and as all the way curry up the effic, and as all the end weight remains to know which power in the conflutation has the med weight, for this conflutation has the med weight, for either effect, and the principal conflutation of effects, may elgo, or as the plantial, in, cheek the rapidity of its motion, yet fo long as the principal control of the effects of the effec

that the crown is this overbearing part in the English constitution needs not be mentioned, tioned, and that it derives its whole confequence merely from being the giver of places and pentions is felf-evident, wherefore, tho 'we have been wise enough to that and lock a door against absolute Monarchy, we at the fame time have been foolish enough to mut the Crown in notificion of the key.

The perjuice of Englishmen is fewared fully own growmen by King, Lords and Commons, affirs as much or more from resident pitch that resident, Individuals are unclookedly (fefr in Linguist the milk pitch as much the large of the land in Bitting at much the Lee of the land in Bitting at much the Lee of the land in Bitting at much the Lee of the land in Bitting at in France, with this difference, that infected of proceeding directly from his rounds, it is handed to the People under the more fremalched hape of a set of Paliament. For the face of Charles the first, that only made Kings more field:

Wherefore laying afide all national prids and prejudice in favour of modes and forms the plan truth is, that it is estably owing the conflitted of the People, and not to the conflitted of the Geometric that Coulombia on the Government that the Coulombia not as opprefive in England as in Turkey

An enquiry into the conflictational errors

in the English form of government, is at the time highly needlary, it is a we are the summer of the

Of MONARCHY and bereditary fuccession.

MANKIND being originally equals in the order of creation, the equality could only be deflexed by four fall of the country of the third with the country of t

But there is another and greater diffinction can be affigued, and that is, the diffinction of Men into KINGS and SUBJECTS. Male and female are the diffinctions of nature. fo exalted above the reft, and diftinguished like fome new species, is worth enquiring into, and whether they are the means of happiness or of misery to mankind.

to the Scripture chronology there were no Kings: the confequence of which was there throws mankind into confusion. Holland without a King hath enjoyed more peace for this last century, than any of the Monarchical governments in Europe. Antiquity favours the fame remark : for the quiet and rural lives of the first Patriarchs hath a hapby fomething in them, which vanishes away when we come to the history of Jewish roy-

Government by Kings was first introduced into the World by the Heathens, from tom. It was the most profectous invention the Devil ever fet on foot for the promotion of idolater. The Heathers paid divine honours to their deceased Kings, and the Christian World hash improved on the plan by doing the fame to their living ones. How implous is the title of faceted Majetty applied to a worm, who in the middt of his splendore is erumbling inte dual!

As the cashing one man fo greatly above the rel cannot be judiced unthe equal rights of nature, so neither can it be defended on the authority of disputers; for the will of the Anthrip of legislates and the cash of the cas

Near three thousand years passed away

from the Maile seconate of the creatin, and the Jewu under a antimal definition reported as King. Till then, their form of government (accept the extraordinary cales where the contract of th

Monarchy is ranked in feripture as one of the fins of the Jews, for which a curfe in referve is denounced against them. The hiftory of that transaction is worth attending to.

The children of Ifrael being opprefied by the Midianites, Gideon marched against them with a fimall army, and victory thro' the divine interpolition decided in his factor. The Jews clate with fuccels, and attributing it to the generalthip of Gideon, propoled making him a king, faying, "Rabb.

" thou over us, thou and thy fon and thy fon's for". Here was temptation in it's fulleft extent; not a kingdom only, but an here-" thall my fon rule over you, The LORD " SHALL RULE OVER YOU". Words need the honeur, but denieth their right to give it , neither doth he compliment them with invented declarations of his thanks, but in with difaffection to their proper Sovereign

this, they fell again into the fame error. The bankering which the lews had for the fomething exceedingly unaccountable; but not in the ways, now make us a King to judge bad, viz. that they might be like unto other nations, i, e, the Heathens, whereas their possible. But the thing dipleased Samuel when they faid, give us a King to judge us: and Saunto Samuel bearken unto the voice of the People in all that they fay unto thre, for they have not rejected thee, but they have rejected Mr. THAT I SHOULD NOT REIGN OVER have done fines the day that I brought them up out of Boyot even unto this day, wherewith they have for faken me and ferved other Gods: to do they allo unto thee. Now therefore hearken them and thew them the manner of the King particular King, but the general manner of the great diffance of time and difference of manners, the character is still in fashion. " And Samuel told all the words of the Lord unto the People, that alked of him a King. that fall reion over you. He will take your fons and appoint them for bimfelf, for his chariots and to be bis borfe-men, and fone fball run before bis chariots." (This description agrees

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with the prefent mode of impreffing men) bischariots. And be will take your daughters to be confectionaries, and to be cooks, and to be the tenth of your feed, and of your wineyards, and give them to bis officers and to bis ferruption, and favouritifm, are the flanding vants, and ye fhall ery out in that day because the few good Kings which have lived fince, either fanctify the title, or blot out the fin-

siven of David takes no notice of him officially as a King, but only as a Man after God's we will have a King over us, that we may them but to no purpole, 'he fet before them find thunder and rain (which then was a punness is great which ye have done in the fight of muel called unto the Lord, and the Lord fent greatly feared the Lord and Samuel. And all for WE HAVE ADDED UNTO OUR SINS THIS the Almighty hath here entered his proteft reason to believe that there is as much of kingcraft, as prieft-craft, in witholding the feripture from the Public in Popish countries, For Monarchy in every inflance is the

To the evil of monarchy we have added is a degradation and leffening of ourselves, For all men being originally equals, no one ries, yet his descendants might be far too unest natural proofs of the folly of hereditary right in Kings, is, that nature disapproves it, it into ridicule by giving mankind an Als for a Lion.

Secondly, as no man at first could possess

out manifest injustice to their children fay or a fool. Most wife men in their private with contempt; yet it is one of those evils, which when once established is not easily retheres with the King the plunder of the reft,

gin: whereas it is more than probable, that quity and trace them to their first rife, that we should find the first of them nothing better than the principal Ruffian of some reftlefs Gang, whose savage manners or prechief among Plunderers; and who by increas-Yet his electors could have no idea of giving hereditary right to his descendants, because

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fieth a perytual exclusion of themsities was incompatible with the free and uncertained principles they profided to live by. Where it is not to the principle of the principles of the principle

England flote the conquest high known fome few good monarchs, but groaned beneath a much larger number of bad ones: yet no man in his fenses can fay that their claim under William the Conqueror is a very honourable one. A French Battard

landing with an semed Banditti and ellabilding himfelf King of England against the confent of the natives, is in plain terms a very paltry reitally original.—It certainly hath no divinity in it. However it is needleit to fepted much time in exposing the folly of hereditary right, if there are any to week as to believe it, let them prolow when the believe it, let them protone the second of the second of the welcome. If this the device is to see the second welcome. If this device is the second of the second to not diffuse their devolgen.

Yet I flouid be glot on the low they group for Kings came at first the equation sidmits but of three antwers, viz. either by 1.5, by eicking one but help to 1.5, by eicking one but help to it eithbilds of the contract of of original fin, which supposes the free-will of all men loft in Adam : and from fuch the other to Sovereignty; as our innocence the laft; and as both difable us from rerable rank! inglorious connection! yet the moil fubtile fophist cannot produce a juster fimile.

As to usurpation no man will be fo hardy

But it is not fo much the abfurdity as the ilb. the wicked, and the improper, it hath in it the nature of opportion. Men who look upon themders bow to reign, and others to other, from grow infolent-selected mere to develope of the selected mere relt of Mankind their mere to the selected mere entitle of the selected mere entitle pointed by importance; and the World they act in differs to macrially from the World at large, that they have but little opportunity of knowing its true interefts, and when they faceced to the government are frequently the most light operations and units of any throughout the downijons.

Another evil which attends hereditary facceffion, is, that the throne is divisited to be posfielded by a minor at any age of all which time the Regeovy action at any age of a live of the have every objective and inducement to have a live objective and a king wore out the proposed when a king wore out only and informity enters the last flags of human weaknets. In both their case and the Public becomes a prey to very mittersunt, who can tamper (secretifus) with the follies either of age or infrarey.

The most plausible plea which hash ever been offered in favour of hereditary fuccession, is, that it preferres a Nation from civil wate, and

and were this true, it would be weighty a whereas it is the mob barriaced faility ever imposed upon analished. The whole hillory of England disowns the fact. Thirty Kings and two minors have region in that diffired kingdom fries the coupacit, in which time these have been (including the Revolutes) no list than eight with billorid internal Rechief and the coupacit, in making for peers, also the second of the endloys the steps to make a possibility of the coupacity of the coupacity of the endloys the steps to make a point of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the coupacity of the second of the coupacity of the coupacity of the

The control for measurey and uccession of the large of bled for many years. Peebes picked butles before fixed before many years. Peebes picked butles before fixed butles and fixed was fixed but the large of bled fixed but the large of bled fixed but the large of butles fixed but the large of butles fixed was said the temper of a Neiting, but the large of butles fixed but the large of butles fixed but the large of butles fixed butles for the large of butles fixed butles

This contell began in the reign of Henry the fixth and was not entirely extinguished till Henry the feventh, in whom the families were united. Including a period of 67 years, viz. from 1422 to 1.80.

In fhort, monarchy and faccession have laid (not this or that kingdom only) but the World in blood and after. 'It's a form of government which the word of God bears testimony against, and blood will attend it.

If we explain how the basis of a factory we (bulk find the as from excolurate) was (bulk in the man, and an explain the proof, and after function) any photopeopole, and after function going where the proof of the

Sir William Meredith calls it a Republic; the power, and eaten out the virtue of the. 'tis the sepublican and not the monarhath poisoned the Republic; the Crown

Nation and fet it together by the cart. A pretty buffnets indeed for a man to be allowed eight hundred thouland (terling a year for, and worfnipped into the bargara! Of more worth is one honeft man to fociety and in the fight of God, than all the crowned? Deffines the Color.

THOUGHTS, on the prefent STATE of AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

N the following pages loffer nothing more than fimple lack, plin argument, and common fents and have no other prediminaries for their within Recade, than that he will divelt himself of perjudice and preposition, and offer his readon and his feelings to determine for themical vest it has well put or or ather that he will not not or ather that he will not not or ather that he will not not or other noting the ready of the true character of a man, and great or outly calling the views beyond the present

Volumes have been written on the fubject of the struggle between England and Ametica. Men of all ranks have embarked in the controversy, from different motives, and with various defigns; but all have been Arms as the last resource decide the contest: the Continent has accepted the challenge,

It bath been reported of the late Mr. Pelham (who tho' an able minister was not without his faults) that on his being attacked in the House of Commons on the score kind, replied " they will last my time." Should a thought to fatal and unmanly

be more or less affected even to the end of and honour. The leaft fracture now, will wound will enlarge with the tree, and pof-

By referring the matter from argument or stun, a new are for politics is fluck—a new method of thinking hath arise. All plan, apposits, So. prior to the 19th of April, i.e. to the commencement of bettinplan, proposits, So. prior to the 19th of April, i.e. to the commencement of bettinwhich the opport prior, and the proposition of which the opport prior, are forested and titlefish now. Whatever was advanced by the advances or enter file of the question thee, terminated in each firm point, the only method of effecting it; the one proposition force, the other intendings, but it that for far happened that the first hath failed, and to feeton had withdrawn her indisence.

As much hath been faid of the advantages of reconcilisation, which like an agreeable dream, hath paffed away and left us as we were, it is but right, that we flould examine the contrary fide of the argument, and enquire into fome of the many material injuries, which their Colonies fuffain, and always will fuffain, by being connected with, and dependant on Grant Britain. To example

mine that connection and dependance on the principles of nature and common fente, to see what we have to trust to if feparated, and what we are to expect if dependant.

I have heard it offerted by feme, that as America bath flourished under her former connection with Great Britain, that the fame connection is necessary towards her fame effect-Nothing can be more fallacious than this kind of argument :-- we may as well affert that because a child hath thrived upon milk, that it is never to have meat, or that the first twenty years of our lives is to become a precedent for the next twenty. But even this is admitting more than is true, for I answer, roundly, that America would have flourished as much, and probably much more had no European power taken any notice of her. The commerce by which the hath enriched herfelf are the necessaries of life, and will always have a market while

But the has protected us fays force. That the hath engretied us is true, and defended the Continent at our expense as well as her owa

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own is admitted; and she would have defended Turkey from the same motive viz. the sake of trade and dominion;

Afinit we have been long led nave by maning prejidices and made large facelizes and made large facelizes technol Great Birlin, without confidering, that her motive was intereft not attackment; that the motive was intereft not attackment; and the find into a proceed us from, over censulis on ear account, but from for sevenies on her with the on any other account, and when with us on any time presention to the continuati, or the continent from account. Lel firting wave the presentions to the continuati, or the continent from the continuation of the continuation

It hath lately been afferted in parliament, that the colonies have no relation to each other but through the Parent Country, i.e., that Pennfylvania and the Jerfeys and 60 on for the reft, are fifter colonies by the way of England; this is certainly a very round-about way of proving relationship, but it is the nearest and only true way of proving nearment and only true way of proving nearment and only true way of proving nearment and only true way of proving nearment.

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ship, if I may so call it. France and Spain never were, nor perhaps ever will be our enemies as Americans but as our being the subjects of Great Britain.

But British is the parent country (some. Them the more channe upon her conduct. Even brutes do not devour their conduct. Even brutes do not devour their conduct. Even brutes do not devour their conduct. The conduct conduct

In this extensive quarter of the Globe, we forget

furget the narrow limits of three hundred and fixey miles (the extent of England) and earry our friendthip on a larger feale, we claim brotherhood with every European Christian, and triumph, in the generosity of

It is placfast to eldere by what regular regularies we fermionate he reach load pre-publics as we enlarge our acquaintance with the World. A man born in any town in England divided into patthes, with mentally efficient divided into patthes, with mentally efficient mental and entire the state of the entire transfer in many casts will be coamon) and distinguish him by the numes of mightonia that interest in many casts will be coamon and distinguish him by the numes of mightonia the entire that in the entire which is a recognizer. It be taxed him to start part of the county and meet him to any other, he forget to the mineral entire that is any other, he forget to the interest of the entire dividian of these and entire dividians of these and entire dividians of the en

or Sweden, when compared with the whole, fland in the fame places on the larger feele, which the divitions of ftreet, town, and county do on the fmaller ones; Diffinctions too limited for Continental fcent. Wherefore, I reprobate the phrase of parent or mother country applied to England only, as being falle, felfish, nar-

But admitting, that we were all of English defcent, what does it amount to? Nothing, Britain being now an open enemy, extinguiffies every other name and title : and to fay that reconciliation is our duty, is truly farcical. The first king of England, of the descendants from the same country; wherefore, by the fame method of reafoning,

Much bath been faid of the united fate of war is uncertain, neither do the expreffions mean any thing, for this Continent would never fuffer itself to be drained of inhabitants, to support the British Arms in either Asia, Africa, or Europe.

Befides, what have we to do with fetting the world at defiance. Our plan is commerce, and that well attended to, will fecure us the peace and friendflip of all Europe, because it is the interest of all Europe to have America a free fort. Her trade will slwsybe a protection, and her barrenness of gold and filter will tecure her from invaders.

I challenge the warmest advocate for reconcilitation, to thew, a fingle advantage that this Continent can reap, by being connected with Great Britain. I repeat the challenge, not a fingle advantage is derived. Our corn will fetch its price in any market in Europe, and our imported goods must be paid for buy them where we will.

But the injuries and difidvantages we fuftain by that connection, are without number, and our duty to mankind at large, as well as to ourselves, instead us to renounce the alliance: Because any submission to, or dependance on Great Britain, tends directly

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to involve this Continent in European war and quarries. As Europe is our market for trade, we ought to form no political connection with any part of it. The the true in terefl of America, to fleer clear of Europea contentions, which hie never can do, whill by her dependance on Britis, the is made the make-weight in the feale of Britis willies.

time on he handed place and whenever we will be the control of the

was discovered, adds weight to the argument, and the manner in which it was peopled energies the force of it.——The Reformation was preceded by the discovery of America; As if the Almighty gesciouly meant to open a (anchury to the perfectual in future years, when home should afford

The authority of Green Birlini over this Continent is a form of government which foomer or later must have an end; And a festions mind can draw no true pleasure by beading toward, under they are bright and policy of the continent of the contine

Though

### COMMON SENSE

Though I would carefully avoid giving intensecting officers, yet am initiated to believe, that all those who elpoude the doctine of reconciliation, may be included within the following defenjions. Interrella men who are not to be truttled, weak men who zenot fee, perjudiced men who will weak them who zenot fee, mad a certain te of mederate men who think better of the European world than it does not be the careful and the second of the continues of the continues

It is the good fortune of many tine didnet from the Gene of prefent forrows, the cril is not fufficiently brought to their doors to make the relief of the state of the state

# COMMON SENSE. 41

they continue within the city, and plundered by government if they leave it. In their prefent condition they are prifoners without the hope of redemption, and in a general attack for their relief, they would be expofed to the fury of both armies.

Man of paline tempers look femewhat judylor over the orders of Britains and full heiping for the belt are apt to call out. Clone, some, we find the friend agads for "and thin," But examine the patitions and continued to the patition and the pat

### 42 COMMON SENSE.

wife and children defittute of a bed to lie en, or bread to live on? Have you loft a parent ena child by their hands, and yourleft the rained and wretched furviveo? If you have not, then are you not a judge of those who have. But if you have, and fill can fluke hands with the marderers, then are you unworthy the name of heldrand, father, fitend, or lover, and whatever may be your rank or title in life, you have the heart of a coward, and the fairit of a fycophan.

matters, but typing them by a body desiring and affections which nature juilling, and without which, we should be incusable or endestinging the feed during but the coldensplay the feed durings of the property of the proper

will partake of the misfortune; and there is no punishment which that man doth not deferve, be he, who, or what, or where he will, that may be the means of facrificing a factor to receive and refer!

The repugnant to reasine, to the universal code of things, to all examples from tomer ages, to shapele, that this continent can long remain insplict to any external power. The most length in British odds not think to the control of the property of the pr

Every quiet method for peace hath been ineffectual. Our prayers have been rejuited with didain, and hath tended to convince us that nothing flatters vanity or confirms oblitinacy in Kings more than repeated petitioning—and nothing hath contributed more, than that very measure, to make the Kings of Europe abildite. Witness Denote also

### COMMON SENSE.

mark and Sweden. Wherefore, fince nothing but blows will do, for god's fake let us come to a final feparation, and not leave the next generation to be cutting throats under the violated unmeaning names of parent and child.

To fay, they will never attempt it again is idle and visionary, we thought so at the repeal of the stamp-act, yet a year or two undeceived us; as well may we suppose that nations which have been once defeated will have the until the state of the state

As to government matters 'its ceft in the power of British to do this continuent jointies. The buffiels of it will foon be too wighly and initiates to be maninged with power to diffuse frein us, and for very ignated us and of us to give a most of us to find they cannot conquer us, they cannot govern us. To be always running three of four thinding down the most of the control of

was proper, and there is a proper time for

Small illands not capable of protecting themicless, are the proper objects for government to take under their care; but three is foundable of their care; but three is foundable grey abdard, in fuppoling a staffilland. In no influence hash nature made the active larger than its primary planes, and facilite larger than its primary planes, and cache observed the staffillands of the staffillands of the nature, it is evident they belong to different fyllens. England to Europe: America to itself.

I am not induced by motives of pride, party, or referentent to efposed the dockrise of Separation and independance; I am electtyp, positively, and condensativity periasedthat "its the true intereft of this continues to be 69, that every thing thou of that is mere patchweek, that it can afford no latting ficility—that it is leaving the tword to our children, and firnishing back at a time, when, at little more, a little farther, would have rendered this continent the glory of the earth. As Britain hath not manifested the least inclination towards a compromife, we may be affured that no terms can be obtained worthy the acceptance of the continent, or any ways equal to the expence of blood and

The object contended for, cought always, to been form just incorporate to the grace to the form of the contended for the

the while so have disjusted a mister, which we have been a considered to be in carnell; observed it it is measured to be in carnell; observed it if it is measured to be in carnell; observed it is in which gas not been a finite it law, to regue late the referred of a tensur, whole leads in only in expiring. No man was a warmer the faint spik of April 1975, but the meant the evented bit that day was made known. I rejected the hardened, is ollien tenspected meant the evented bit that was the warred, that with the percentage dittle of FATHER OF HIS PATHER OF HIS PATHER OF THE PATHER OF T

But admitting that matters were now made up, what would be the event? I anfiver, the ruin of the Continent. And that for feveral reasons.

First. The powers of governing still remaining in the hands of the King, he will have a negative over the whole legilation of this Continent: And as he hath shown himfelf such an investrate enemy to bherry, and discovered such a third for arbitrary power; Is he, or is he not, a proper man to fay to these Colonies, You shall make no laws but

what I pleafe." And is there any inhabitant and is there any man fo unwife, as not to fee, that (confidering what has happeneffectually enflaved by the want of laws in America, as by fubmitting to laws made for us in England. After matters are made exerted to keep this Continent as low and humble as possible? Instead of going forward, we fhall go backward, or be pering .- We are already greater than the after endeavour to make us lefs. To bring is jealous of our prosperity, a proper power to govern us? Whoever fays No to this question is an Independant, for independancy our own laws, or, whether the King the greatest enemy this continent hath, or can

have, thall tell us " there finall be no laws " but fuch as I like,"

But the King you'll Gy hath a negative in Begland, it be popule there can make no leave without his coinfent. In goint of right and good order, there is fomething very federaless, that a youth of revery-one (which and pool order, there is fomething very federaless, that a youth of revery-one (which has been as the second of people older and writer than himfelf, I forbeld his or that aft of yout to be law? But in this place I decline this fort of re-ply, then I will never cerel to expose the abstractive of the place of t

America is only a fecondary object in the fyltem of British politics, England confults the good of fois country, no farther, than it answers her own purpose. Wherefore her own interell leads her to suppress the growth of sure in every

cais which doth not promote for minerage, or in the fault interfere with it. A printy flate we houself from be in, under fach a behandle from be in, under fach a behandle from be in, under fach a behandle from the fault interference of the fault interf

Secondiff — That is even the best terms which we can expect to obtain, can amount to no more than a temporary expedient, or a facility of common by guardianthy, which can last no longer than till the colonies come of age, for the general face and face of things in the interim will be unfettled and unpromising: Emigrants of property will not choose to come to a country whole form of government hange but by a thread, and who is every day tottering on the brink of commotion and disturbance: And numbers of

the prefent inhabitants would lay hold of the interval to dispose of their effects, and quie

But the most powerful of all arguments is, than nothing but independence is can continued from a government post one property of the peace of the post continued post of the peace of the p

Thousands see leady mined by Birth Sixburys; (disoulated more will probably failfer the fame fate). The time have other belong than us who have nothing fuffered. All they may publis is library, what every and having soliding more to lofe, they difdain fabrimition. Belider, the general temper of the coloniest owards a Birthing overament, will be like that of a yord, we will little about her; And a government which cannot preferred the peace; it no government at all, and in that cafe we pay our money for nothing ; and pray what is it that Brimen fay, many of whom I believe fpoke without thinking, that they dreaded an inthoughts are truly correct, and that is the

The Colonies bath manifested such a spiviz, that one Colony will be striving for superiority over another,

54

Where there are no difficultions, that can be a first-ship, particle quality steforth no temperation. The templates of Europe are all, can be major allow and so without a possible process. Holland and Soufferland, are with a first of the source of the so

If there is any true cards for far respectively for former to specially foregreaters, it is because to suit up the list down. Men do not for their way one—Wherefore, as no opening into that batinets I offer the following history at the fance time modelly suffinning, that I have no other opioion of them mysfelf, than that they may be the means of giving its to fomething better. Could the finegaling better, the following better of the former than the total throught to influidhable to celletted, they would frequently form materials for with and able men to improve into useful materials and able men to improve into useful materials.

### COMMON SENSE

LET the affemblies be annual with a prefident only. The reprefentation more equal. Their butiness wholly domestic, and subject to the authority of a continental concress.

Let each colony be divided into fix, to Congress, so that each Colony send at least thirty. The whole number in Congress will be at least 200. Each Congress gates are met. let a colony be taken from the whole thirteen Colonies by lot, after which let the whole Congress choose (by ballot) a prefident from out of the Delegates of that province. In the next Congress let a Colony be taken by lot from twelve only. omitting that Colony from which the prefident was taken in the former Congress. shall have had their proper rotation. And but what is fatisfactorily just, not less than under a government to equally formed as this, would have joined Lucifer in his revolt.

But as there is a secular delicacy from whom, or in what manner, this bofineds much first arife, and as is feems most agreement fairly, and as is feems most agreement and confident, that it should come from from the state of t

A committee of twenty fix members of Congrefi, viz. Two for each Colony. Two members from each house of Aliendy, we will be considered to the control of the colony of the

ful counfellors, and the whole, by being impowered by the people, will have a truly legal authority.

The conferring Membres being met, It with it whints the of firms a Court strate ACC MANY FLA. CRANY FLA, or Charter of the United Colonies, or defereing, to what it called the Magna Genericing, to what it called the Magna Confereing, to what it called the Magna Confereing of the Confereing Confer

Should any body of men be hereafter delegated

delegated for this or fome fimilar purpofe, I, offer them the following extracts from that wife observed on governments. DRAGO-SETTI, "The Science" Tays in "of the SETTI, "The Science "Tays in "of the SETTI SCIENCE TAY IN "OF THE SETTI SCIENCE T

\* DRAGONETTI On Virtue and Rewards,

But where fays fome is the King of Armerics I'll till you Friends, he reign above; and doth not make have of min-hall like the Royal Butte of Great Britism. Yet that we may not appete to be defective the property of the Royal Butter of Great Britism. Yet the wear of the property of the Butter of

let the Crown at the conclusion of the ceremony be demolifhed, and feattered among the People whose right it is

A government of our own is our natural and fafer, to form a conflitution of our own, in a cool deliberate manner, while we have it in our power, than to trust such an interesting event to time and chance. If we omit it now, fome " Maffanello may to themselves the powers of government. may fweep away the liberties of the Continent like a deluge. Should the government of America return again into the things, will be a temptation for some despefuch a cafe, what relief can Britain give? finess might be done; and ourselves suffer-

. Thomas Arello, otherwife Maffanello, a fifterman of

ing like the wretched Britans under unperpending of the Conquerce. Yet have properlied to the Conquerce. Yet have not extended independance mow, ye know to extend the control of the cont

To talk of friendflip with those in whom our reason forbids us to have faith, and our affections wounded thro's thousand porce instruct us to detert, is muchas' and folly. Every day wears out the little remains of kinindruct us to dear the reason of the dred between us and them, and can there be any reason to hope, that as the relationship expires, the affection will encrease, or thist we shall agree better, when we have ten times more and greater conserns to quarrel

Ye that tell us of harmony and reconciliation, can ye reflore to us the time that is pat? Can ye give to profitution its former innocence? Neither can ye reconcile Britain and America. The last cord now is broken, the people of England are preferring and origins again to. There are injuries which nature cannot togive; the would ceale to be nature from the presence of the control of the benature if the did. At well can the lover be nature if the did. At well can the lover to the control of the control of the control Centinent feegive the marders of Entitian The Almighty that implanted in us their unconstructed by the control of the his large in our beats. They diffinguish us from the herd of common natural. The footil competit would difflery, and jurities caful callience were we collous to the traches of afficient. The robber and the mardere would often ectage unpossible, of the control of the control of the control of the mardere would often ectage unpossible, of the control of the control of the control of the mardere would often ectage unpossible, of the control of the control of the control of the mardere would often ectage unpossible.

O ye that love mankind! Ye that daroppele not only the tyranny, but the tyyrant, fland forth! Every fipot of the old world is ever-true with oppelfilm. Freedom hath been hunted round the Globe. Afta and Africa have long expelled herr— Europe regards her like a firinger, and England hath given her warning to depart. OI receive the fugitive, and pregue is time an slytum for machind.

Have never met with a man, either in between the countries, would take place, Continent for independance.

As all men allow the meafure, and vary order to remove miftakes, take a general furvey of things, and endeavour if poffible, go far, the enquiry ceases at once, for, the time bath found us. The general concurrence, the glorious of union all things,

'Tis not in numbers but in unity that our great strength lies: yet our present time the largest disciplined army of any power under Heaven; and is just arrived at Colony is able to support itself, and the whole, when united, is able to do any thing. Britzin would never fuffer an American remained in her hands. Wherefore, we should be no forwarder an hundred years hence, in that branch than we are now; but the truth is, we should be less so, be-

Were the Continent crowded with inhabitants, her fofferings under the prefent circumflances would be intolerable. The more fea port Towns we had, the more should we have both to defend and to lofe. tioned to our wants, that no man need be idle. The diminution of trade affords an army, and the necessities of an army creates

Debts we have none; and whatever we may contract on this account will ferve as a glorious memento of our virtue. Can we but leave cofferity with a fettled form of cheap. But to expend millions for the fake of getting a few vile acts repealed, and routing the prefent ministry only, is unworthy the charge, and is uting posterity with the utmost cruelty; because it is leaving them the great work to do and a debt upon their backs from which they derive no advantage. Such a thought is unworthy a man of honour, and is the true characterif-

The debt we may contract doth not deferve our regard if the work be but accomplished. No nation ought to be without a debr. A national debt is a national bond : and when it bears no interest, is in no case a grievance. Britain is oppressed with a debt of upwards of one hundred and forty millions sterling, for which the pays upwards of four millions interest. And as a compensation for her debt, the has a large navy; America is without a debt, and without a navy; but for the twentieth part of the English gain. The navy of England is not worth

at this time more than three millions and an

No country on the globe is fa happily intentacly, or fo intentally capable of raining a flexts America. Tar, timber, iron, and condigue are her amutal produce. We need goalwood for nothing. Whereas the Duxleyford of the production of the materials of the production of the productio

In point of manning a fleet, people in general run into great errors; it is not necessive that one tourth part should be failors. The Terrible Privateer, Capt. Death, stood the hottelt engagement of any ship last war, yet had not twenty failors on board,

though her complement of men was upwork of a thip. Wherefore, we never can be more capable to begin on maritime matour fisheries blocked up, and our failers and shipwrights out of employ. Men of not the fame now? Ship-building is Ameempires of the east are mostly inland, and internal fupply of materials. Where nature beral of both. The vaft empire of Ruffia is almost thut out from the fea; wherefore, her boundless forrests, her tar, iron, and

In point of fafety, ought we to be without a fleet? We are not the little people

## COMMON SENSE.

now, which we were fixty years ago, at that time we might have trufted our property in the ftreets, or fields rather : and flept fecurely without locks or bolts to our doors and windows. The cafe now is altered, and our methods of defence, ought to have come up the Delaware, and laid the city of Philadelphia under inflant contribumight have happened to other places. Nay, might have robbed the whole continent, attention, and point out the necessity of

Some perhaps will fay, that after we protect us. Can we be so unwise as to mean, that the thall keep a Navy in our Harbours for that purpose? Common sense will tell us, that the power which hath endeavoured feeled under the pretence of friendship; and ourselves, after a long and brave retiftance, be at last cheated into slavery. And if her ships are not to be admitted into our Harbours, I would alk, how is site to protect us? A Nawy three or four thousand miles off can be of little use, and on sudden emergencies, none at all. Wherefore if we must hereafter protect ourselves, why not do it for ourselves? Why not do it for ourselves?

The English lift of thips of war, is longand formidable, but not a tenth part of them are at any one time fit for lervice, numbers of them not in being; yet their if only a plank is left of the thip: and not a fifth part of fuch as are fit for fervice, can be spared on any one station at one time. Africa, and other parts over which Britain extends her claim, make large demands upon her Navy. From a mixture of prejudice and inattention, we have contracted a false notion respecting the Navy of England, and have talked as it we should have the whole of it to encounter at once, and for that reason, supposed, that we must have practicable, have been made use of by a set of difguifed Tories to difcourage our begioning thereon. Nothing can be further from truth than this, for if America had only a teensitely passed to the must face until the first place of the must face until for first; place of the must face until for first; place of the must face until for first; place of the must face of the must face of the must first first; place of the must first first; place of the must first first; place of the must first firs

Some method might be failer on to keep up a naval foces in time of peace, if we thould not judge it necessity to support a price of the peace of the peace of the peace piece to Merchants to build and employ in their fervice, Ships mounted with 20, 20, 40 or 30 gung (the premissors to be propertion to the loss of builk to the merchant) fifty or faxy of those hips, wich a few gund linjs on constant duty would keep pa strifticent Navy, and that whould burthwoll the peace of the peace of the peace pa strifticent Navy, and that whould burdening ourfelves with the evil fo loudly complained of in England, of fuffering their Fleets in time of peace to lie rotting in the docks. To unite the finews of commerce and defence is found policy; for when our firength and our riches, play into each other a hand, we need fear no external ene-

In almost every article of defence we absonal. Hemp flourintee oven to crankenfs, to that we need not want cordege. Our into the control of t

Pennsylvania and Connecticut, respecting fome unlocated lands, thews the infignificance of a British government, and fully

Another reason why the present time is preferable to all others, is, that the fewer our numbers are, the more land there is yet ed by the King on his worthless depento the discharge of the present debt, but to the conftant support of government. No Nation under heaven hath fuch an advantage as this,

The infant state of the Colonies, as it is called, fo far from being against, is an argument in favour of independance. We are fufficiently numerous, and were we more fo, we might be less united. 'Tis a matter worthy of observation, that the more a country is peopled, the fmaller their armies are. In military numbers the Ancients far exceeded the Moderns : and the reason is evident, for trade being the confequence of ed thereby to attend to any thing elfe. Commerce

Commerce diminishes the spirit both of Pachievements were always accomplished in the commerce England hath loft it's fpirit, The city of London, notwithflanding it's numbers, fubmits to continued infults with the patience of a coward. The more men have to lofe, the lefs willing are they to venture. The rich are in general flaves to fear, and fubmit to courtly power with the trembling duplicity of a Spaniel.

Youth is the feed time of good habits as well in Nations as in individuals. It might be difficult, if not impossible to form the Continent into one Government half a century hence. The vast variety of interests occasioned by an increase of trade and nopulation would create confusion. Colony would be against Colony. Each being able while the proud and foolish gloried in their little diffinctions, the wife would lament that the union had not been formed before, Wherefore, the prefent time is the true time contracted in infancy, and the friendship

## COMMON SENSE

which is formed in misfortune, are of all others, the most lafting and unalterable. Our prefent union is marked with both these characters: we are young, and we have been diffressed to to our concord hash withstood our troubles, and fixes a memorable Æra for posterity to glory in.

The prefert time likewise, is that peculiar time, which never happens to a Nation but core, viz. the time of forming itself the present time of the present time of the life the approximation, and by has manned to the present time of the present time of the been completed to receive laws from their televa. First they had a King, and then a reconstruction of the present time of the pretent of the present time the present time of the present time the present time to the present time the present time the present time to the present opportunity— 2 segan operation at the present time time to the present time time to the present opportunity— 2 segan operation at the right call.

When William the Conqueror subdued England, he gave them law at the point of the sword; and untill we consent that the seat of government in America be legally and authoritatively occupied; we shall be in As to religion, I hold it to be the indiffpentible dury of government, or perocci, all periods of the property of the control of the conorder benines which is the control of the that narrowsel, of fast, that kelfstheed of that narrowsel, of fast, that kelfstheed of that narrowsel, of fast, that kelfstheed of the control of the con-

In page 54 I threw out a few thoughts

on the propriety of a Continental Charter, of folemn obligation, which the whole enters into, to support the right of every freedom, or property. A right reckoning

In a former page I likewise mentioned the necessity of a large and equal reter which more deserves our attention. A of Representatives, are equally dangerous. not only small, but unequal, the danger is on the following; when the Affociators pewere prefent, all the Bucks County Members, being eight, voted against it, and ed by two counties only, and this danger it ftretch funch. Blewife, which that house made in the that flittings, to gain as undea suited in the that flittings, to gain as undea suited in the that flittings, to gain as undea suited in the flitting of the flit

Immediate necessity makes many things convenient, which if continued would grow into opportions. Expedience and right, are different things. When the clusturies of Amrica required a conditation, three was no method for early, or at that time to proper, as to appoint perforal from the favoral Houters of Altembly for that time to proper, as to appoint perforal from the reveal Houters of Altembly for that purpose, and the wildom with which they have proceeded hash performed from run. But as it is more than purishable we findle never be without a Course, we findle never be without a Course, and the contraction of the

## 76 COMMON SENSE.

every well wither to good order, must own, that the mode for choosing members of that body, delerves confideration. And I put it is a question to those, who make as fludy of maskind, whether riprigatation and define is not too great a power for one and the same body of men to posities? When we are planning for pefferity, we ought to remember, that virtue is not hereditary.

It is from our enemies that we often gain excellent maxims, and are frequently, foreprified into reaton by their mithakea, Mr. Cornwall (noe of the Lerds of the Treatiny) treated the Petition of the New-York Attembly with contempt, because dar Houle, beer, which, trilling number he appear could not with deceave be put for the whole. We thank him for his involuntary honely, \*\*

To CONCLUDE, howevever firange it may appear to feme, or however unwilling they may be to think fo, matters not, her

\* These who would fully underfined of what great confequence a large and equal Representation is to a State, should read Burgh's Political Discriminate. but many firong and firiking reasons may be given, to show, that nothing can settle our affairs to expeditionly as an open and determined declaration for Independance,

Eigh,—It is the cultum of Nations when any two are at war, for forme other powers not engaged in the quarte, to flep in as Mediators and bring about the preliminaries of a Peace: but while America calls herfelf the Subject of Great Britain, no power however well dilpoted the may be, can offer her mediation. Wherefore, in our pretent face we may quarted on far ever.

Secondly.—It is unreasonable to suppose, that France or Spain will give us any kind of assistance, if we mean only, to make age of that assistance for the purpose of repairing the breach, and strengthening the sonnection between Britain and America; because, those powers would be sufferers by the confequences.

Thirdly.—While we profess outselves the Subjects of Britain, we must in the eye of foreign Nations be considered as Rebels. The precedent is some-what dangerous to

their feace, for men to be in arms under the name of Subjects: we on the spot can folve the paradox; but to unite refistance and subjection, requires an idea much too refined for common understanding.

Floarity,—Were a manifelto to be pulselized, and digretable to foreign Courts, fetting forth the militeis we have endored, and the peacoble methods we have ineffectually used for redress, declaring at the more time, this not below, more the crudification of the British Court, we have disposition of the British Court, we have disposition of the British Court, we have disposition towards the week of the crudification of the British Court, who have disposition towards the wine the first and all connections with her; at the fame time, affirmed all facts Court, of our peaceable disposition towards the wine the first and the court of the co

Under our prefent denomination of British Subjects, we can neither be received nor heard abroad: the cultum of all Courts is against us, and will be so, until by an Independance we take rank with other Nations.

## COMMON SENSE.

Thick proceedings may at first appear frames and difficult, but, like all other fleps which we have already getfield over, will in a lifet time become familiar and agreeablest and until an Independance is declared, the Continean will feel title! like a man who continues putting off form a pupulation builties from day to day, yet withest rower, and is continually haunted with the thoughts of it's necessity.

FINIS.

Leady mallioth, and one officine by Balony Mally policy and backerine, are done to a Tarle charle, as and backerine, are done to a Tarle charle, as Thand Senson Philiothylia, complete in three whomes. The charles who was a support to the charles who was some of the charles who was some of the charles who was a charle charles who was a charles who are charles who a

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